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| APPLICATION NO.              | FILING DATE     | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.      | CONFIRMATION NO. |  |
|------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------------|------------------|--|
| 10/087,340                   | 03/01/2002      | Xiangsheng Zheng     | 5656-28                  | 5048             |  |
| 20792                        | 7590 02/09/2005 | EXAMINER             |                          | INER             |  |
| MYERS BIGEL SIBLEY & SAJOVEC |                 |                      | JASTRZAB, JEFFREY R      |                  |  |
| PO BOX 374                   | 128             |                      |                          |                  |  |
| RALEIGH, NC 27627            |                 |                      | ART UNIT                 | PAPER NUMBER     |  |
| ·                            |                 |                      | 3762                     | 3762             |  |
|                              |                 |                      | DATE MAIL ED. 02/00/2005 |                  |  |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

|  | Application No.  | Applicant(s)   |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  | 10/087,340   | ZHENG ET AL.   |  |  |  |
| Office Action Summary  | Examiner   | Art Unit   |  |  |  |
|  | Jeffrey R. Jastrzab  | 3762   |  |  |  |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply   |  |  |  |  |  |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).          | 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE! | nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133). |  |  |  |
| Status   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>06 December</u>   | ecember 2004.  |  |  |  |  |
| _  | action is non-final.   |  |  |  |  |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is   |  |  |  |  |  |
| closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Disposition of Claims  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>4)  Claim(s) 1-54 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) 10-38 and 52-54 is/are withdrawn from consideration.</li> <li>5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>6)  Claim(s) 1-9 and 39-47 is/are rejected.</li> <li>7)  Claim(s) 48-51 is/are objected to.</li> <li>8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Application Papers   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine  10)☒ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct  11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine  | epted or b) objected to by the Eddrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj  | e 37 CFR 1.85(a).<br>ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  |  |  |  |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119   |  |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul> |  |  |  |  |  |
| Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 7/22/02, 12/6/04   | 4)  Interview Summary<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Da<br>5)  Notice of Informal P<br>6)  Other:   |  |  |  |  |

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election of Group I, Claim 1-9 and 39-51 in the reply filed on 12/6/04 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)). The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

## Double Patenting

A rejection based on double patenting of the "same invention" type finds its support in the language of 35 U.S.C. 101 which states that "whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process ... may obtain <u>a</u> patent therefor ..." (Emphasis added). Thus, the term "same invention," in this context, means an invention drawn to identical subject matter. See *Miller v. Eagle Mfg. Co.*, 151 U.S. 186 (1894); *In re Ockert*, 245 F.2d 467, 114 USPQ 330 (CCPA 1957); and *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970).

A statutory type (35 U.S.C. 101) double patenting rejection can be overcome by canceling or amending the conflicting claims so they are no longer coextensive in scope. The filing of a terminal disclaimer <u>cannot</u> overcome a double patenting rejection based upon 35 U.S.C. 101.

Claims 39-42, 45 and 46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claims 29-34 of prior U.S. Patent No. 6,662,045. This is a double patenting rejection.

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA

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1982); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-9, 43 and 44 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-9, 33 and 34 of U.S. Patent No. 6.662,045. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the current claims are an obvious broadening of the scope of the patented claims.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 1-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. Specifically, the claiming of structures being in contact with or implanted within the body amounts to an inferential recitation of the body, which renders these claims non-statutory. See "positioned at the atrial septum".

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

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A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 2 and 6-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Thompson et al., US 5,800,465. See column 10 and the description corresponding to Figure 3a. As to Claim 8, "connected" is being read a structurally connected. As to claim 2, any lead could be considered as "configured" to be within a puncture in the septum.

Claim 47 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Bardy, Us 5,630,834. See in particular column 8, line 48 to column 9, line 37. Note that the screw-in electrode could be considered an ostium electrode as it is inherently capable of being positioned at that location in the atrium.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 3-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Thompson et al. in view of Bardy. Thompson et al. disclose the invention substantially
as claimed less mechanisms, such as a screw-in anchor, for securing the atrial
electrode within the atrium (or to the septum). Bardy is one of a myriad references that

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teach a helical anchor electrode for securing the atrial electrode in place for the intrinsic benefits of decreasing contact impedance and maintaining proper electrode location.

As such it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have incorporated a lead anchor as taught by Bardy into the Thompson atrial lead in order to effect improved contact. As to Claims 4-5, absent any teaching of criticality or unexpected result for the different type of anchoring mechanisms used, it would have been obvious to have substituted functionally equivalent anchoring mechanisms for the Bardy screw-in anchor as a mere choice in engineering design.

## Claim Objections

Claim 48 is objected to because of the following informalities: "atrial, shoulde be -- atria -- in line 6. Appropriate correction is required.

#### Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 48-51 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jeffrey R. Jastrzab whose telephone number is (571)

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2724947. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Wednesday 5:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Angela D. Sykes can be reached on (571) 272-4955. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jeffrey R. Jastrzab Primary Examiner Art Unit 3762